



A

SERMON

Preached before the

Incorporated SOCIETY

FOR THE

Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts;

ATTHEIR

ANNIVERSARY MEETING

INTHE

Parish Church of St. MARY-LE-Bow,

On FRIDAY February 24, 1758.

By the Right Reverend Father in GOD,
JAMES Lord Bishop of GLOCESTER.

LONDON:

Printed by E. OWEN and T. HARRISON in Warwick-Lane; and Sold by A. MILLAR at Buchanan's Head in the Strand.

MDCCLVIII.

SERMON

At the Anniversary Meeting of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, in the Vestry-Room of St. Mary-le-Bow, on Friday the 24th Day of February, 1758,

A GREED, That the Thanks of the SOCIETY be given to the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Glocester, for his Sermon preached this Day before the SOCIETY, and that his Lordship be desired to deliver a Copy of the same to the SOCIETY to be Printed.

Philip Bearcroft, Secretary.



PSALM cxliv. Ver. 15. latter Part.

Happy is that People whose God is the Lord.



HE Royal Pfalmift having put up his devout and humble Prayer to God for Deliverance from his Enemies, and for the Profperity of his Country, draws this general Conclusion,

which extends equally to All the Kingdoms of the Earth, (for the Lord ruleth in them All:) and upon his Authority, as well as the constant Experience of all Ages, and all Countries, we may pronounce the Condition of every Individual, and every Community happy, which places its Strength and Confidence in God, and lives in Obedience to His Laws.

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That

That the Service of Sin is a State of Slavery, and Mifery, common Observation will convince us. Let us consult our own Reason, and upon a fair Reslection represent to ourselves the Condition of a Man in a private Station, without that Support, which the Assurance of an overruling Providence, ordering and disposing all Things to the Good of its Creatures, naturally suggests, and we shall see him in an unquiet, and distracted State, tortured with those Fears, and Apprehensions, with those Jealousses, and Suspicions, which must ever attend the Want of a Religious Principle; desponding under every Calamity, and like a Wave of the Sea that is driven with every Wind.

Let us view him in a more Public Situation, and we shall see him a Tyrant over his Fellow Creatures; an Oppressor of the Liberties of Mankind.—Jealous of the Instruments of his Power, and under continual Apprehensions of Vengeance, from which not even his closest Retirement can secure him.

It may eafily be determined whether this be a State of Happiness.

If we carry our Thoughts further, and confider a People collectively, under no Restraint of Principle, and virtuous Discipline, what a Scene

of Anarchy, and Confusion shall we have before our Eyes.—Every ungoverned Passion will give Law—Strength will be the Measure of Justice— Ambition will know no Bounds; and Self-Interest prevail over every social and generous Affection.

Where then can we lay the Foundation of Happiness, but in the free Exercise of Reason, in its full Vigor, unbiassed by any corrupt and partial Affection, and blessed with every Assistance, and every Assurance, that can increase the Strength, and confirm the Peace of the Mind?

What can make happy the Heart of Man, but to have its honest and pious Endeavours assured of Acceptance from a God of Truth, and Kindness, * whose tender Mercies are over all His Works.— + Who knoweth whereof we are made, who remembreth that we are but Dust?

What can fecure the Peace and Happiness of any Community, but the Practice of public and private Virtue, the Establishment of Order and Discipline, and the Encouragement of every generous Sentiment, that can warm the Hearts of Men, and make them active for the public Good, and steady in an uniform Obedience to mild and

^{*} Psalm cxlv. 9. + Psalm ciii. 14.

equitable Laws, supported by the Sanctions of Religion.

If this be a just Conclusion from the Words of the Pfalmist, under the Jewish Dispensation, with how much greater Force may they be applied to those, who have the more perfect Knowledge of the Lord, and his Christ?

Under these Advantages, We surely, whose Lot is cast in so fair a Ground, who have the pure Light of the Gospel, free from that Superstition which obscures so great a Part of the Globe, must stand self-condemned, if we do not feel, and enjoy, and improve this Happiness as we ought.

And if we have a proper Sense of this Happiness ourselves, we shall think it incumbent upon us, as far as lies in our Power, to carry on this great Scheme of Providence, and to cooperate with the Purposes of Him, whose gracious Desire it is, that * all Men should be saved, and come unto the Knowledge of the Truth.

To communicate Knowledge, and Happiness, is a Duty flowing from the Dictates of pure Nature, and unaffifted Reason.

The Author of our Being-has engaged us to it, as rational and focial Creatures.

* 1 Tim. ii. 4.

He has shewn us by the Methods of his Providence, that it is agreeable to his Nature to communicate it.—For † He giveth us all Things richly to enjoy. ‡ He openeth His Hand, and satisfieth the Desire of every living Thing. And in Proportion as He has made us capable of imitating Him in this particular, He has injoined us to do it; and to be merciful, as he is merciful, if we would approve ourselves as his Children.

Unless then we imagine that Ignorance can be the Means of Happiness, as some would have it of Devotion, to communicate Knowledge must tend to the Advancement of that true Happiness, which belongs to our reasonable Nature.

Improvement in Knowledge naturally precedes Improvement in Virtue.—And we can arrive at no Attainment in Knowledge, without the kind Communication of our Fellow Creatures. If this be the Case with respect to human Knowledge, it is more so with regard to Religious Knowledge. For how * shall Men call on Him in whom they bave not believed? And how shall they believe in Him of whom they have not beard?

It is the necessary Condition of any Law, that it be declared to those who are subject to it. And

4 1 Tim. vi. 17. \$ Pfalm cxlv. 16. * Rom. x. 14.

they who are bound to publish it, are answerable for the Ignorance of those to whom it might have been made known. And where the express Law of God is in Question, a Neglect is more highly criminal, as the Loss sustained by it is of higher Importance.

Such a Communication then of those Lights with which we ourselves have been blessed, conducive to the Happiness of our Fellow Creatures, and subservient to the Manifestation of God's Glory, must be Matter of indispensable Obligation.

Even the Discovery of new Countries, and a free Correspondence with different Parts of the World, have ever been esteemed generous, and laudable.

Every useful Improvement in Arts and Sciences should be considered as a Matter of common Right, in which all Mankind has an Interest.

And shall not the Knowledge of the Gospel—The Knowledge of Life and Happiness, engage us to a Communication of the same Advantages to our Fellow Creatures?

The View and Attention of all other Legislators in their Systems of Laws, have been confined to the Interests of particular Communities.—But the

the Laws of Christ have a general and unlimited Aim and Object.

The great Principle of the Gospel is the Salvation of all Mankind.

It was our Lord's Injunction to his Apostles, and in them to his future Followers, * Go teach All Nations. And we have His full Promise, that He will affist and support us in the Execution of our Commission from Him. ‡ Lo I am with you alway even unto the End of the World.

The miraculous Power of spreading the Knowledge of Christ has long since ceased, as no longer necessary to the great Purposes for which it was first given. The Evidence of our Lord's Miracles fully delivered, and deposited in faithful Records, is, as it were, always before our Eyes, and stands undiminished through the Succession of Ages. It may be still capable of additional Strength, by the future Accomplishment of Prophecies not yet fulfilled; and there still remains a progressive Evidence of the Truths of our Religion, for the Conviction of Generations to come. At prefent, as far as we can judge, God feems to carry on the Purpofes of His Gospel, by the ordinary Means of human Instruction, and cooperates with the Endeavours of Men to the general Manifestation of his Grace, and Glory.

If then, to communicate Knowledge and Happiness is a Duty incumbent upon us from the Principles of natural Religion, and we are more strictly tied to it by the Commands of our Lord and Saviour, Let us consider to whom it is our Duty to communicate it. This will depend upon our Abilities, and Opportunities, and the Wants of those to whom it is to be communicated.

The particular Occasion of this Day's Meeting directs our Thoughts to our Fellow Subjects in our several Colonies in America, with whom we have constant Intercourse, and to whom it is more immediately in our Power to impart it; who are the Source of our Wealth, from whom our Commerce receives its very Life, and Existence, and our Naval Strength its continual Supply and Increase; and who are intitled to our sirft Care and Consideration, by every Motive of Interest, and Duty.

The Extent of our Colonies is great, and it must be remembered, that there are among them those whose Manners are savage, wholly uninstructed in the Arts of Civil Life, who are therefore greater Objects of our Compassion, and Zeal.

Nor will the Civil Confequences of such a Communication be inconfiderable. The Public will feel the Advantages of it by a continual Accession to our Strength in America; and by that Improvement in our Commerce, which will follow the Cultivation of the great Principles of Truth, and Justice; and that mutual Confidence which will always result from them.

May it not be reasonably presumed, that the Inhabitants in our Colonies will be more faithful, more dutiful, and more to be depended upon, if properly instructed in the Doctrines of our Religion, and used with that Regard, and Tenterness, which Christianity injoins to all our Fellow Creatures?

But if Civil Conveniences, and the Profpect of Advantage, have little Weight, yet furely, the more generous Motives of Christian Zeal, and Christian Charity, may be sufficient Inducements to engage us in so good a Work.

This Benevolence, thus exerted, having the everlafting Happiness of Man for its Object, is the noblest Affection of our Nature, for in this it more immediately coincides with, and is actuated by, that Love of God, which * is the first, and great Commandment.

* Mat. xxii. 38.

To this generous and noble Principle, this Society owes its Establishment, and it has exerted itself in this good Work, so wisely, and faithfully, that, whether considered in a Civil, or Religious Light, it may well engage the good Wishes and Assistance of those, who have any Warmth of Zeal for the Welfare of Mankind, and the Interests of Christianity.

Schools have been fixed, and Catechifts fettled, in the most considerable Parts of our Colonies. In some Places the Education of the Children of the Natives has been set forward, from which we may promise ourselves particular

Advantages.

The Success of the Missionaries hitherto employed, notwithstanding the Hazards of Health, in such long and constant Journeys, in distant Parishes, shews us what might be expected, if the Number could be increased, and in any Measure proportioned to the large Tract of Country, whose Inhabitants want Instruction, and whose savage Nature, and Disposition, stands in Need of the strongest Instuence of the Precepts of the Gospel.

In Fact, those *Indians* with whom this Society has had the longest Correspondence, and the most Influence, have been found the most faith-

ful

ful of all the Tribes, and the most steady Friends to this Country.

Here then is a large Field for our Christian Charity.

Let us confider the Moral and Religious State of our feveral Colonies—How they have taken their Tincture and Colour from the different Plans upon which they were formed, and the different Circumstances which attended their first Settlement, and the Progress of their Constitution.

You will find some, composed of Persons slying from the unhappy Diffensions that afflicted this Country.

Others, drove into Corners of the Continent, by the Intolerance of those, who had fled from the same Spirit of Intolerance here.

Some, unhappily conflituted upon the Tenets of that Religion, from which we were delivered at our Reformation.

Others, for want of proper Instruction, deserting, and falling off from the Purity of that. Faith, into which they were first admitted. I

Confider the Swarms of Milcreants, and Valgrants, whom the Law has fent into many Parts of these Colonies, and the Number of Slaves, who are every Year imported into them.

Confider

Confider further—The Slowness with which Civil Society has been cultivated among some, and the untractable spirit with which it has been resisted among others.

These Circumstances so combined, attended with such Difficulty, call upon us to use our utmost Endeavours; to lay before these our Fellow Subjects, the Precepts, and Promises of Christianity, * without Partiality and without Hypocrific

To calm the Spirit of Religious Diffensions, to cultivate the pure Gospel, free from Superstition, and Enthusiasin, and to guard the Souls of Men against the Contagion of Insidelity, which is fowing its Seeds, even in those distant Parts, with an Activity and Assiduity which would do Honour to the Propagators of the pure Gospel of Christ.

These are great Obstacles, — But whatever Difficulties may arise, we ought not to be discouraged.

Let us look up to Those who have gone before us in this great Work.

Let us look up to the first Followers of our Lord, who were ready to impart even their own Souls, for the Salvation of others, and who sealed their Confession with their Blood.

* Jam ili. 17.

Look

Look up to the Example of St. Paul, who was particularly commissioned by our Lord to the Gentiles, * To open their Eyes, and to turn them from Darkness to Light, and from the Power of Satan unto God; that they might receive Forgiveness of Sins, and Inheritance among them that are fantified.

In the Execution of this Commission, how affectionate was his Zeal, how unwearied his Industry, how undaunted his Courage, and how active his Application to the various Tempers and Dispositions of Men, that by any Means, he might be the Instrument of Salvation to some.

Recollect his Anxiety, his Solicitude in the Exercise of his Ministry,— in the Care of all the Churches,— neither Opposition, nor Reproach, nor Imprisonment, discouraged him from his Labours for the Souls of Men.

But let us always bear in Mind that Instruction of the same Apostle, that we preach no other Doctrine, than that which Christ, and his Apostles have preached.

Let no Confideration whatever make us depart from the genuine Truths of the Gospel, and use the deceitful Words of Man's Wisdom, to infinare the Weak, and the Ignorant.

* Acts xxvi. 18.

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We know the Sentence of our Lord against those, who * shut up the Kingdom of Heaven against Men, and neither go in themselves, nor suffer them that are entering to go in.

Let us lay before these Ignorant, and uninformed Souls, the Oracles of Divine Wisdom, which will make them wise unto Salvation through Faith which is in Christ Jesus, and guide them with a faithful Hand into the Paths of Peace.

These are Duties which the Voice of Reason, and Revelation; the Example, and Injunctions of our Saviour; the Lives, and the Deaths of his Apostles; the Relation which we stand in to those who are Partakers of the same Nature, and created in the same Image of God; the public Good, every Maxim of Policy, every generous and compassionate Sentiment, equally call upon us to fulfill, and to concur in carrying on and promoting this good Work.

The whole Series of Prophecy that foretold our Saviour's coming, foretold the Extent of his Kingdom; — and the Prophecies will All have their Accomplishment.

Is it a little Thing that we are told by the God of Truth, + That the Kingdoms of the World shall become the Kingdoms of the Lord and his Christ?

^{*} Mat. xxiii. 13. ‡ 2 Tim. iii. 15. † Rev. xi. 15. How

How shall we understand those great, and full Expressions in various Parts of Scripture, concerning the Power, and Establishment, and Enlargement of Christ's Kingdom?

The quick and aftonishing Progress made by the Apostles, and their Followers, in the first planting Christianity, may in some Measure answer these Predictions.

But are not many great and powerful Kingdoms of the East, and a still larger Tract of the new discovered World, as yet unenlightened?

Has not Mahometanism gained many Countries from Christianity, which Christianity had before gained from Paganism? Are not many Parts of Asia, and Africa, where there were, in the first Ages of Christianity, very flourishing Churches, now desolate, or possessed by Pagans?

In those Parts of Europe, where Christianity has been reformed from its Errors, has its Progress been equal to our Expectation?

There remains then a fuller Completion, which God will bring about in His good Time. We know that it is His gracious Purpose that the Kingdom of Christ shall prevail; — That it will be manifested to the whole World, and acknowledged in it.—But at what Time, and in what Manner, His great Plan will be carried into Exceution,

ecution, is among the fecret Things of God, who alone governs, and disposes all Events.

The Ways of His Providence are carried on by the Instrumentality of human Agents;—it therefore lies upon us to do our Part, according to the Knowledge we have of our Duty; * and to whomsoever much is given, of him shall be much required.

We daily put up our Prayers to the Creator of all Things, for the Preservation and Increase of pure Religion, and for the Accomplishment ‡ of His Kingdom. † That His Way may be known upon Earth, His saving Health among all Nations. Can we be thought fincere in our Prayers, if we add not our earnest Endeavours to propagate the Knowledge of Him, in that small Part of the Earth, which is under our Cognisance?

The most effectual Method of spreading the Knowledge of the Gospel, is to recommend it by our Example, and to shew forth the Power of its Precepts, by the Influence which it has upon our own Lives.

upon our own Lives.

Let us shew by this convincing Evidence, that the Lord is our God, and we may safely rely upon his Promise, for that Happiness, which will be the Reward of our Obedience.

^{*} Luke xii. 48.

† Mat, vi. 10.

† Pfalm lxvii. 2.

But

But if we neglect this great Salvation, and live as without God in the World, our own Vanities, and Follies, our own Iniquities, and Corruptions, by the natural Confequences of our Vices, and by the just Judgment of God, will conspire to deprive us of the Light of the Gospel, of which we are so unworthy.

Our Unfruitfulness under the Means of Grace may provoke God (as it has in other Instances) to take these Blessings from us, and to give them to other Nations, that will bring forth the Fruits of them.



The Proposition of the Commercial

An ABSTRACT of the

CHARTER,

And of the Proceedings of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts from the 18th of February 1757, to the 24th of February 1758.

ING William III, of Glorious Memory, was graciously pleased, on the 16th of June 1701, to erect and settle a Corporation with a perpetual Succession, by the Name of THE SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGA-TION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS: for the Receiving, Managing, and Disposing of the Charity of such Persons, as would be induced to extend their Charity towards the Maintenance of a Learned and an orthodox Clergy, and the making fuch other Provision, as might be necessary for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, upon Information, that in many of our Plantations, Colonies, and Factories beyond the Seas, the Provision for Ministers was mean, and many other of our said Plantations, Colonies, and Factories, were wholly unprovided of a Maintenance for Ministers, and the publick Worship of God; and that, for lack of Support and

and Maintenance of Juch, many of his loving Subjects wanted the Administration of God's Word and Sacraments, and seemed to be abandon'd to Atheism and Insidelity, and others of them to Popish Super-

stition and Idolatry.

This Society was composed by the Charter of the Chief Prelates, and Dignitaries of the Church, and of feveral other Lords, and eminent Persons in the State, with a Power to elect fuch others to be Members of the Corporation, as they, or the major Part of them, should think beneficial to their charitable Defigns; and they immediately applied themselves with great Zeal and Alacrity to the good Work; and after adjusting Preliminaries in the Choice of Officers, and fettling standing Orders and Rules for their more regular Proceeding. they subscribed every one of them according to their feveral Ranks and Dispositions, an Annual Sum to be paid to their Treasurer for the general Uses of the Society; and chose new Members, and gave out Deputations, according to the Powers in the Charter, to receive and collect the Donations of all charitable and well disposed Perfons towards this most pious Design: And thro' an especial Bleffing this Work of the Lord hath hitherto prospered in their Hands. Many more than One Hundred Thousand of our own People, Infants and Adults, and many Thousands of Indians and Negroes, have been instructed and baptized into the true Faith of our Lord Jesus Christ; and more than One Hundred and Thirty Thousand Volumes of Bibles and Common-Prayer Books, with other Books of Devotion and Instruction, together with with an innumerable Quantity of pious small Tracts, have been dispersed in Foreign Parts; and there is now a very hopeful and improving Appearance of Religion in the publick Worship of God, according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, in a great Number of Churches in our Plantations in America, by the Means, and thro

the Procurement of this Corporation.

The Charter directs the Society to give an Annual Account to the Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of the King's Bench, and the Lord Chief Justice of the Common-Pleas, of the several Sums of Money by them received, and laid out, and of the Management and Disposition of the Revenues of the Corporation: This is punctually done, and the Society annually makes publick an Abstract of them, and their Proceedings. Therefore the Society now in the first Place acknowledge the Receipt, and return their most hearty Thanks for the particular Benefactions of the Year 1757, viz.

For fourteen Pounds from Suffex, by the Hands of a Clergyman unknown. To Mr. Ruffell for a Guinea, by the Rev. Dr. Briflowe.

To the Rev. Mr. Leyland, of Freston in Suffex, for two Guineas. To a Person desiring to be unknown for one Pound and sixteen Shillings, by Mr. Gell. To a Person unknown for a Guinea, by Mr. Gordon. To I I OMrs. Frances Peirce for two Guineas. To 2 2 0 Mrs. Kelsey for half a Guinea. To Mrs. 0 10 6 Katherine Kelsey for a Guinea. To Mr. Woodward

ward for a Guinea. To a Gentleman un-	I		0
known for two Guineas, by the Rev. the	2		0
Dean of St. Ajaph. To Mrs. Horner for one	100		0
hundred Pounds, by Sir Robert Long, Bart.			
To the Rev. Mr. Hawtry for four Guineas,	4	4	0.
by Mr. Sleech. To a Gentleman unknown			
at Norwich for a Guinea, by the Rev. Mr.	I	I	Q.
Ellis. To a Gentleman unknown for two		2	
Guineas, by the Rev. Mr. Broughton. To fe-		~	•
veral worthy Benefactors in and about the			
City of York, for twenty eight Pounds seven-	28	17	6:
teen Shillings and Six-pence, collected by			,
the Rev. the Dean of York. To a Person of			
Bristol unknown for five Guineas, by the	5	5	0
Rev. Mr. Taylor of Clifton. To William			
Banks, Esq; for a Guinea, by Mr. Stukeley.	. 1	I	0
For one hundred Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs.	100	0	0+
Bridget Price of Gloucester, by William War-			
ren, Efq; To a Clergyman unknown for			
two Guineas. To the Trustees of the late		2	
Mr. Barnabas Oley for five Guineas. To the	5	5	0
Rev. Mr. Hopkins, Vicar of Chute in Wilt-			
shire, for a Guinea. To a Person desiring to		I	
be unknown for a Guinea, by the Rev. Mr.		I	
Bouchery. To the Rev. Mr. Parfons, Rector			
of Wilford near Nottingham, for a Guinea. To the Rev. Dr. Lloyd, Dean of Bangor, for	I	I	0
a Guinea. To the Rev. Mr. Hughes, Rec-			
tor of Llanfwrog in Denbighshire, for a Gui-		1	
nea. To the Rev. Mr. Hodson, Rector of	1	1	0
Broughton in Huntingdonshire, for one hundred			
Pounds, by the Rev. Mr. Cooper. To a Per-	100	0	Q.
fon unknown for ten Pounds, by the Rev. Mr.	100		
Walker.	10	0	0
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And the Control of th				
Walker, Canon of Wells. To the Lord Vis-				
count Palmerston for twenty Pounds, by the	20	0	0	
Rev. Mr. Humphreys. To the Rev. Dr. Bar-			-A	
rell, Prebendary of Rochester, for four Guineas,		4		
by the Rev. Dr. Denne. To a Lady for a	T	4	•	
Guinea, by the Rev. the Dean of Salisbury.				
To Mrs. Lucy Osborne, of Seething in Nor-	1	I	G	
folk for true Guiness by the Der M. T.	-3			
folk, for two Guineas, by the Rev. Mr. Leman.	2	2	0	
To Mrs. Dunbar, of Kelvedon in Essex, for a				
Moidore, by the Rev. Mr. Barcroft. To	I	7	9	
the Rev. Mr. Noble, of Stockton, for two Gui-	2	2	0	
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nea, by the Rev. Mr. Reyner. To Dr. Morton				
for two Guineas, by the Rev. Dr. Bracken-	2	2	0	
ridge. To Mr. William Wright, of St. Ann's,		_		
Westminster, for two Guineas, by the Rev.	2	2	0	
Mr. Broughton. To Miss Cary, of Bristol, for	4	2	O	
a Guinea. To the Rev. Dr. Harvey, Rector				
of Lawshill in Suffolk, for two Guineas, by the		I		
Rev. Dr. Neden. To a worthy Lady in Sur-	2	2	0	
for a Chines by Mr. Callibrary I. B.				
ry for a Guinea, by Mr. Gellibrand. For one	I	I	0	
hundred Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs. Olive	100	0	0	
Bowtell, by Bartholomew Hammond, Efq; one				
of her Executors. To the Rev. Mr. Peppin,				
Vicar of Tugby in Leicestershire, for a Gui-	1	1	0	
nea, by Mr. Weston. To Mrs. Elizabeth				
Bettesworth for five Guineas, by Dr. Bettes-	5	5	0	
worth: For fifty Pounds, the Legacy of the	50	0	0	
Rev. Mr. Hugh Fraser, by his Executor Mr. James Fraser. For fifty Pounds, the Legacy	,			
James Fraler. For fifty Pounds, the Legacy	50	0		
of Mrs. Mary Laming, Widow, late of Mar-				
gate in Kent, by Mr. Robert Brooke, jun'. For fifty	50			
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Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs. Frances Doughty, late of Peterborough, by the Lord Bishop of Salisbury. To Paul Fisher, Esq; of Bristol, for five Guineas. To the Rev. Dr. Sharp, Archdeacon of Northumberland, for two Gui-To George Gray, Esq; of Newcastle, for two Guineas. To Mr. Walton, of Sherborn, for a Guinea. For five Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs. Sarah Complyn, by Mr. Prior. To Mrs. A. C. for five Guineas, by the Rev. Mr. Barrell. To William Bury, of the County of Limerick, Esq; for ten Guineas, by the 10 10 Lord Bishop of Waterford. To Mrs. Hindmarsh, of Newcastle, for two Guineas, by Mr. Hammond. For ten Pounds, the Legacy of Francis Wells, by the Rev. Thomas Wells. Dr. Colvill, of Bodmin in Cornwall, for two Guineas, by Mr. Jewell. For five hundred Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs. Charlotte Dubois, by Dr. Clarke her Executor. To the Rev. Dr. Booth, Dean of Windfor, for thirty Pounds, by George Gibson, Efq;. To Mrs. Elwes, of Chefwick, for two hundred Pounds, 200 To the Rev. Mr. Charles Bowles, of Ditton in Kent, for a Guinea; and to the Rev. Mr. Webb, of Crossly in Kent, for a Guinea; both by the Hands of Mr. Hayward. To a Perfon unknown for fix Guineas, by Mr. John Withers. To Lady Shadwell for a Guinea, by the Rev. Dr. Bridges. To a Person unknown for five Pounds and eight Shillings, by the Lord Bishop of Oxford. To a Gentleman for ten Guineas, by J. S. D. To Mrs. Cor-10 10 0 delia

delia Holmes for a Guinea; to Mrs. Holmes for half a Guinea; to Sir John Oglander, Bart. for a Guinea; to Sir Edward Worsley, Knt. for a Guinea; to George B-l-d, Esq; for a Guinea; to David Urry, Efg; for a Guinea; to B. Ev. L-gh, Esq; for a Guinea; to three Gentlemen for a Guinea and a Half; to the Rev. Mr. Atkinson, Rector of Fisherton, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Beacon, Rector of Calboru, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Culm, Rector of Freshwater, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Palmer, Rector of Moteston, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Walton, Rector of Brixton, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Woodford, Vicar of Shalfleet, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Wood, Rector of Niton, for a Guinea; to the Rev. Mr. Bolton Simpson, Fellow of Queen's College, Oxon, for a Guinea; to a young Clergyman, a Curate, for half a Guinea; to Mr. J. M. for eighteen Pounds; and to the Rev. Dr. Troughear, Vicar of Carifbrook, for a Guinea, who collected and remitted these Benefactions, amounting to thirty fix Pounds feven Shillings and fix Pence. E.B. for five Guineas. To a Person unknown for a Guinea, by Mr. John Townsend. To a Person unknown for ten Guineas, by Mr. John Unwinn. To the Rev. Dr. Newcome, Dean of Rochester, for ten Guineas. To a Lady for five Guineas, by the Rev. Dr. Yates. To three Persons unknown for two Guineas, by the Rev. Mr. Archer. To the Honourable Mrs. Shirley for five Guineas. To a Suffolk Clergyman for a Guinea; and to a Gentlewo-D 2 man

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man for a Guinea; both defiring to be unknown, by the Rev. Mr. Tanner. For twenty Pounds, the Legacy of Mrs. Dorothy Mighell, by the Rev. Mr. Tanner her Executor. To Robert Luson, Esq; of Blundeston in Suffolk, for Half a Guinea. To the Rev. Mr. Allin, Rector of Blundeston, for Half a Guinea. To the Parishioners of Blundeston for a Guinea and a Half. To fome Persons in Somerley and Flixton, for nine Shillings and Sixpence, by the Rev. Mr. Allin. To a Person unknown for one hundred Pounds, by his 100 Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury. To a Clergyman in Suffex, defiring to be unknown, for ten Pounds. To a Person unknown for two Guineas, by the Rev. Dr. Head. To Mrs. Ann Maynard for ten Guineas. by Meff. Hoare and Arnold. To Mrs. Dolliffe for two Guineas, by the Rev. Dr. Crusus. To the Rev. Mr. Wheeler, of Leake in Nottinghamshire, for three Guineas. To Lady Palmer for a Guinea; to Mrs. Hester Palmer for a Guinea; to Mrs. Eleanor Palmer for half a Guinea; to two Ladies defiring to be unknown for three Guineas; to two Gentlemen defiring the fame for two Guineas; to Mrs. Hardinge for a Guinea; to Mrs. Bewicke for three Pounds; to Mrs. Carte for a Guinea: to the Rev. Mr. Southworth for a Guinea; to Charles Roberts, Esq; for a Guinea; to a Perfon defiring to be unknown for five Shillings; and to the Rev. Mr. Fenwick, Rector of Hallaton in Leicestershire, for two Guineas, who collected and remitted these Benefactions, amounting

amounting to feventeen Pounds eight Shillings 17 8 6 and Six-pence. To a Gentleman of Lowth in Lincolnshire for two Guineas, by his Friend 2 2 0 in London. To Lady Curzon for five Guineas, 5 5 0 by Mr. Cleator.

Total £ 1744 9 0

And the Society beg Leave to return their most humble Thanks to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, for his gracious Gift to them of two hundred Copies bound of the third Edition improved of Dr. Leland's View of the deistical Writers, that have appeared in England in the last and present Century, to be distributed as the Society shall judge proper, for the Propagation of the Gospel in America.

The before mentioned Benefactions, together with a Collection of three Pounds nine Shillings and Six-pence from Exeter College in Oxford, and two Guineas paid at the Entrance of Members, amounting to the Sum of feventeen hundred and fifty Pounds and Six-pence, are all the Benefactions to the Society in the Year 1757, all which, and a much larger Sum, amounting in the Whole to the Sum of four thousand one hundred and thirty nine Pounds twelve Shillings and Eleven-pence Halfpenny, hath been expended in Salaries and other incidental Charges to Missionaries &c. and for Books sent by the Society to North America in the Year 1757.

The

The Names of the Society's Missionaries, Catechists and Schoolmasters, with their respective Salaries, are,

New-Foundland,

Annual Salaries.

Mr. Langman, Missionary at St. John's 3
2 Mr. Lindsay, Missionary at Trinity Bay, 50
Nova Scotia.
3 Mr. Breynton, Miffionary to the English, 70 4 Mr. Wood, Miffionary to the English, 70 5 Mr. Moreau, Miffionary to the French, 70 6 Mr. Hobley, Schoolmaster to the English, 15 7 Mr. Bailly, Schoolmaster to the French, 15
New England.
8 Mr. Pollen, Missionary at Newport in 350 Rhode Island,
9 Mr. Leaming, Catechilt at Newport in Rhode Illand.
10 Dr. Macsparran, Missionary at Narra- ganset
— for officiating at Warwick, — 30
11 Mr. Bass, Missionary at Newbury, — 50 12 Mr. Usher, Missionary at Bristol, — 60
13 Dr. Cutler, Missionary at Christ Church 70 in Boston,
14 Mr. Bours, Missionary at Marblehead, 50 15 Mr. Winslow, Missionary at Stratford, — 50 16 Mr. Lamson, Missionary at Fairfield, — 50
17 Mr. Newton, Missionary at Ripton, — 20 18 Mr.

т8	Mr. Dibble, Missionary at Stamford, - 30
10	Mr. Browne, Missionary at Portsmouth in?
,	Mr. Browne, Missionary at Portsmouth in \ New Hampshire, — — \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	— for officiating at Kittery — 15 Mr. Matthew Graves, Missionary at New 60 London, — Missionary at Remi
20	Mr. Matthew Graves, Missionary at New 360
	London, — Joo
21	Mr. John Graves, Missionary at Provi-
	dence,
22	Mr. Beach, Missionary at Newtown, — 50
23	Mr. Taylor, Schoolmaster at Providence, 10
24	Mr. Macgilchrift, Missionary at Salem, — 50
25	Commeticate William 19
26	Mr. Hutchinfon Schoolmaster at North?
20	Mr. Punderson, Itinerant Missionary in connecticut, Mr. Hutchinson, Schoolmaster at North Groton, Groton, Mr. Hutchinson, Schoolmaster at North 5
27	Mr. Thompson, Missionary at Scituate, - 40
28	Mr. Gibbs, Miffionary at Simsbury, - 30
20	Mr. Mansfield, Missionary at Derby, - 30
30	Mr. Troutbeck, Miffionary at Hopkington, 50
31	Mr. , Miffionary at Norwalk, — 30
32	Dr. Miller, Missionary at Braintree, - 60
33	Mr. Palmer, Itinerant Missionary in
	Lichfield County, and the Parts ad- 30
	jacent, — — — Michael — Michael — — Michael — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
34	Mr. Browne, jun. Itinerant Missionary in Sonew Hampshire,
	Mr Machachan Itinerant Millionary on a
35	the Eastern Frontiers of Mallachulets 50
	Bay.
26	Mr. Maclenachan, Itinerant Missionary on the Eastern Frontiers of Massachusets So Bay, Mr. Camp, Missionary to Middleton and Wallingford,
20	Wallingford,
	and the state of t
	New

4	New York.	
37	Mr. Seabury, Missionary at Hempstead	21
		-50
3	Mr. Seabury, jun. Missionary at Jamaica Town in Long Island,	50
39	Mr. Wetmore, Missionary at Rye,	50
40	Mr. Timothy Wetmore, Schoolmaster at Rye, Mr. Charlton, Missionary at Staten Island,	10
42	Mr. Price, Schoolmaster at Staten Island,	50
43	Mr. Standard, Missionary at West Chester,	50
44	Mr. Barton, Schoolmaster at West Chester, Mr. Stouppe, Missionary at New Rochel,	10
46	Mr. Ogilvie, Millionary at Albany, and	50
		-50
47	the Indians	10
48	Mr. Oël, Affiftant to Mr. Ogilvie among the Indians, Paulus, a Mohock, Schoolmaster to 7 Mr. Lyons, Missionary at Brookhaven in Long Island, Mr. Watkins, Missionary at Newburgh	
	the Indians,	10
49	Long Island. — Brookhaven in	.50
50	Mr. Watkins, Missionary at Newburgh,	30
51	Mr. Auchmuty, Catechift to the Negroes at New York,	50
52	Mr. Hildreth, Schoolmaster at New York,	7 "
LI		13
	New Jerfey.	
53	Mr. Chandler, Missionary at Elizabeth	50
54	IVIT. Skinner, Millionary at Ambov.	60
55	Mr. Campbett, Missionary as Burlington -	60
50	Mr. Cook, Miffionary in Monmouth County, Mr. Reynolds, Schoolmaster at Shrewshury,	60
37	58 N	Ar.
		-

58 Mr. Browne, Missionary at Newarke, - 50
59 Mr. Mackean, Missionary at New 50 Brunswick, — 50 60 Mr. Houdin, Itinerant Missionary in New 50 Jersey, — 50
60 Mr. Haydin, Itingrant Miffigurery in North
Ferley, —— }50
i Cilitati valita.
61 Mr. Ross, Missionary at Newcastle, 50
62 Mr. Missionary at Lewis, - 50
61 Mr. Ross, Missionary at Newcastle, 50 62 Mr. Missionary at Lewis, 50 63 Mr. Reading, Missionary at Apoquini- minck, 50 Missionary at Apoquini- 360
64 Mr. Craig, Missionary at Chester, — 60
65 Mr. Neill, Missionary at Oxford, — 60
66 Mr. Currie, Missionary at Radnor, — 60
68 Mr. Itinerant Missionary in Penn
67 Mr. , Miffionary at Dover, — 60 68 Mr. Itinerant Miffionary in Penn- fylvania, ————————————————————————————————————
69 Mr. Sturgeon, Catechist to the Negroes in Philadelphia, ————————————————————————————————————
in Philadelphia, ————————————————————————————————————
berland, —
North Carolina.
71 Mr. Hall, Miffionary at Paul's Parish, 50 Chowan County,
Chowan County, —
72 Mr. Stewart, Missionary at St. Thomas's Parish, Bath Town, —
73 Mr. Read, Miffionary in Craven County.—50
73 Mr. Read, Miffionary in Craven County,—50 74 Mr. Moir, Itinerant Miffionary, — 50
South Carolina.
75 Mr. Garden, Miffionary at St. Thomas's, 30 76 Mr. Marten, Miffionary at St. Andrews, 30
76 Mr. Marten, Missionary at St. Andrews, 30
77 Mr. Durand, Miffionary at St. John's in 39 Berkley County,
E 78 Mr.

78 Mr. Langhorne, Missionary at St. George's, 30
79 Mr. Harrison, Missionary at St. James's 30 Goosecreek,
80 Mr. Baron, Missionary at St. Bartho-
Georgia.
81 Mr. Zouberbuyler, Missionary at Savannah, 50
82 Mr. Ottolengi, Catechift and Schoolmaster, 35
to the Negroes,
Bahama Islands.
83 Mr. Carter, Missionary, 60
as Schoolmaster.
as Schoolmafter,
Tree1 CO.
Total £ 3587 10 0
Barbados.
84 Mr. Rotheram, Schoolmaster at Cod-
84 Mr. Rotheram, Schoolmaster at Cod- rington College, — } 100
85 Mr. Falcon, Usher to the School, and ?
Tingion Comegi,
85 Mr. Falcon, Usher to the School, and Catechift to the Negroes, ———— 3 70. N. B. These two Salaries are paid out of the
85 Mr. Falcon, Uther to the School, and Catechift to the Negroes, ————————————————————————————————————
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85 Mr. Falcon, U(her to the School, and } Catechift to the Negroes, —— } N. B. These two Salaries are paid out of the Produce of the Plantations. The Society allow Ten Pounds worth of Books to each Mission for a Library, and Five-
85 Mr. Falcon, Usher to the School, and Catechift to the Negroes, ————————————————————————————————————
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the Society have received the following Accounts of their pious Labours in the Year 1757.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Rev. Mr. Lindfay, the Society's Miffionary at Trinity Bay, by a Letter of October 25, 1756, acknowledges the Receipt, and returns his Thanks for the good Books fent him by the Society, which he has distributed to the Poor according to his best Discretion; and he proceeds regularly on in his Office, and discharges his Duty to the best of his Power: He performs Divine Service according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, and preaches twice on the Lord's Day to a numerous and orderly Congregation, and he had baptized in the preceding half Year 26 Infants: And by a fecond Letter, dated Nov. 9, 1757, Mr. Lindsay writes, that he had baptized fince his preceding Letter, 13 Children, and his Congregation continued numerous, and there is yet a further Want of Bibles and Common Prayer Books for the Poor of it, which the Society hath given Orders to fupply them with. The Rev. Mr. Langman, the Society's Missionary at St. Fobn's Town, by his Letter dated Oct. 20, 1757, writes, that he officiates in like Manner every Lord's Day, to a numerous and orderly Congregation, and has baptized within the Year, 48 Children; and he had received a Petition from the People of feveral Harbours, both to the North and to the South of St. John's Town, praying him to come round, and officiate to them, and baptize their Children; and though there is no going to them but by Water, and that only in Summer, and the Paffage is very expensive, if the Society shall please to direct him.

him, he will visit them in the ensuing Summer; of which the Society much approving, hath directed him to visit those People as often as may be consistent with his Duty at St. John's Town, with a Promise of rewarding him for such Services.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The Rev. Mr. Moreau, the Society's Missionary at Lunenburgh in Nova Scotia, acquaints the Society by his Letter, dated Oct. 1, 1757, that having last Easter Day put to publick Pennance one of the Congregation who had been one of the Chief in a Conspiracy some Time before formed against the Government there; after an humble proftration of himself in the Church, the Penitent rose up, and humbly asked Pardon of God, of the King, and of his Christian Brethren, whom he had offended by his ill Conduct and Disobedience; and after an Exhortation from the Pulpit to a fincere Repentance and Amendment of Life, he was re-admitted to the holy Communion with 149 other Communicants, among whom was a German Woman, who spoke good French, and had been brought up in Popery; but the had forme Time before publickly renounced it, after three Months Instruction in the true Principles of Christianity by Mr. Moreau; and the Congregation in general, through God's Bleffing, behaves with great Piety and Devotion. Mr. Moreau had baptized in the preceeding half Year, 79 Children, married 11 Couple, and buried nine Persons: He adds, that they had received a Reinforcement of an hundred Soldiers.

expected three or four hundred more; that his English Congregation would confift of between five and fix hundred Men, befides Women and Children, and there were but a very few English Common Prayer Books for them all; to fupply this Defect, the Society have ordered a large Number of Bibles, Common Prayer Books, and other good Books, to be sent them by the first Opportunity.

NEW ENGLAND.

The Missionaries in general acknowledge the Receipt of the Society's Instructions, and promise their best Endeavours to obey and act up to them. The Rev. Dr. Cutler, the Society's worthy Miffionary at Christ Church in Boston, was yet living when the last Accounts came from thence, and had been feveral Times at Church, but there are little or no Hopes of his fo far recovering from the Palfy as to be able to officiate in the Church any more; and therefore the Society hath given Orders to their Miffionaries in the Neighbourhood to afford what Affiftance they can, confiftent with the more immediate Care of their own Missions, to Christ Church, (Dr. Cutler's Mission) which hath been for some Time past served by the Rev. Mr. Caner, and Mr. Troutbeck, the officiating Ministers at the King's Chapel at Bofton; but they find this additional Service to their own proper Duty rather too heavy for them. The Rev. Dr. Miller, the Society's Miffionary at Braintree, acquaints the Society, by a Letter dated Fan. 8, 1757, that his Congregation there is regular and good, and that he had lately opened a Church at Stoughton, which, though not quite finished, was much more decent to perform Divine Service in than a private House; and by his second Letter dated July 2, 1757, he writes farther, that he had officiated several Times at Dedham, about 12 Miles from Braintree, where there is a Number of steady professed Members of our Church. And Mr. Samuel Colburn, late of that Town, hath by his Will left an Acre of Land to build a Church on, and 200 l. of that Currency towards the building of it; and hath likewife left an Estate of one hundred and eleven Acres of Land, with an House and Barn upon it, to the Endowment of the Church, after the Death of his Mother, a Woman in Years; and that Estate hath been lately appraised by Persons upon Oath at between seven and eight hundred Pounds Sterling an handsome Bequest, as Dr. Miller rightly observes, from one, who was only a private Centinel in the Provincial Troops in the Summer preceding, and died in the Expedition against Crown Point. The Rev. Mr. Thompson, the Society's Missionary at Scituate, by the Letters received from him this Year, writes, that when he came to that Mission there was but that one Church in the County of Plymouth, but now there are three, viz. at Scituate, Marshfield and Bridgewater, under his Care, in a flourishing and encreasing State; and he officiates occasionally in many other Places in that County. The Rev. Mr. Troutbeck, late the Society's Miffionary at Hopkinton in New England, acquainted the Society

Society by a Letter dated Jan. 18, 1757, that in November preceding he received the Lord Bishop of London's Appointment of him to the King's Chapel in Boston, and he returns his humble Thanks to the Society for all Favours; and he promifes, though he should for the future be out of their Pay, he will not be intirely out of their Service, but vifit Hopkinton as frequently as he can, where the People formerly thought that our Liturgy was a Remnant of Popery, but upon Acquaintance with it, have corrected their false Prejudices, and gladly embrace our Communion; and as foon as they had got through the Expence of building their Church, which it was hoped would be compleated in the enfuing Summer, they would be able and willing to contribute handsomely towards the Support of a Missionary, which the Society will, upon that Condition, readily grant them. The Rev. Mr. Maclenachan, the Society's Itinerant Miffionary upon the Eastern Frontiers of the Province of Mallachuset's Bay, by his Letter dated Richmond, Aug. 5, 1757, acquaints the Society, that he continues diligent in preaching the Gospel on common Days as well as the Lord's Day, and that the Number of his Hearers increases; and many who at first reviled him, now attend Divine Service in publick; and two Families, that were Diffenters, had publickly joined themselves to the Church. Maclenachan complains, that there is no Church either at George Town or Frankfort, nor Glebe nor House prepared for the Missionary, as was promifed to the Society on his Appointment; but but that he had to that Time refided in an old difmantled Fort, wonderfully through God's Mercy preserved from a merciles Enemy, to whom he is often exposed; but God being his Helper, he is not discouraged, but will continue faithful in his pious Labours to propagate the Gospel. The Rev. Mr. Dibble, the Society's Missionary at Stamford, acquaints the Society by his Letter dated April 12, 1757, that he continues in a constant painful discharge of the Duties of his Mission, and his Church is in a peaceful increasing State; that he had received the Instructions of the Society, and the first Volume of the Lord Bishop of London's Sermons, (200 Copies of which his Lordship had been so good as to present to the Society, in order to their being distributed among the Society's Missionaries and other worthy Persons in America, and they have been fent accordingly) and Mr. Dibble had taken Occasion from them to endeavour to stir up in his People an ardent Zeal for their Religion and Liberties, and to press upon them the Necessity of a thorough Reformation of their Lives, as they hope for the Divine Protection and Favour in their most preffing Necessities. Besides his regular Duty at Stamford, he continues to vifit and officiate occasionally to the poor People of Salem, where there is a very confiderable Congregation, which appear piously disposed; but there is still a Want of Bibles and Common Prayer Books among them and his Congregation at Stamford, notwithstanding those charitable Supplies sent them by the Society; and therefore another Parcel

Parcel of Bibles and Common Prayer Books, with fome pious fmall Tracts, is ordered to be fent him.

The Miffionaries of the Society in New England having earnestly recommended, in a joint Letter to the Society, the Rev. Mr. Camp, who came over and obtained Deacon's and Priest's Orders in our Church; and on his Return to New England has now for five Years officiated to the Congregations of Middle Town and Wallingford in Connecticut, and done much Good among them; and the good People of Middle Town and Wallingford likewise petitioning in his Favour, the Society, out of Regard to these Petitions and Testimonials of Mr. Camp's good Behaviour, have appointed him their Missionary to the Churches of Middle Town and Wallingford, and the neighbouring Places in Connecticut, with a Salary of 20 l. per Annum from the Society by Way of Addition to the 30 l. per Annum paid him by the Churches of Middle Town and Wallingford.

NEW YORK.

The Rev. Mr. Barclay, Rector of Trinity Church in the City of New York, acquainted the Society in the Beginning of the Year 1756, that the Church had suffered a great Loss by the Death of Mr. Colgan, the Society's worthy Missionary at Jamaica Town in Long Island; and the Churches under his Care were very apprehensive of great Difficulties in obtaining a worthy Clergyman of the Church of England to succeed him, because the Diffenters were a Majority in

the Vestry of that Parish; and it too soon appeared, that their Apprehensions were not without good Reason; for the Dissenters prevailed by their Majority in the Vestry, to present one Mr. Simon Horton, a Diffenting Teacher, to Sir Charles Hardy the Governor, for Induction into the Parish of Jamaica Town; but the Governor, in Obedience to his Instructions from his Majesty. would not admit him into that Cure, because he could not produce a Certificate under the Episcopal Seal of the Bishop of London of his Conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England; and when no Person thus qualified had been presented to the Governor after more than fix Months, his Excellency was pleased to collate the Rev. Mr. Samuel Seabury, junior, the Society's Missionary at New Brunswick in the Colony of New Jersey, to the Cure of the Church of Jamaica Town; and he hath now for fome Time been fettled there with the Society's Approbation.

The Rev. Mr. Auchmuty, the Society's Catechift to the Negroes in the City of New York, acquaints the Society by a Letter dated June 29, 1757, that he had baptized in the preceding Year 55 Negroe Infants, and two Negro Adults, after proper Infruction. They attend at Church on the Lord's Day, and many of them have made a confiderable Progress in Lewis's Catechism; but on Mr. Auchmuty's Friday Lectures at St. George's Chapel, they are backward in their Attendance, which is chiefly owing to the Work they are employed in at this Time of War and

Confusion :

Confusion; but he hath the Satisfaction to be then attended by a confiderable Number of white Catechumens. The Rev. Mr. Ogilvie, the Society's Missionary at Albany, and to the Mobock Indians, writes in his Letter of June 25,1757, that the Indian Affairs in general had taken a most unfavourable Turn, by the Loss of our important Trading House and Garrison at Oswego, which was the Key into the Indian Country, and the Trade carried on there was the chief Means of supporting our Interest, not only among the fix Nations and their Allies, but also among those numerous Tribes upon the Great Lake with whom we had contracted an Acquaintance by Means of the Ofwego Trade; however, notwithstanding the Danger, and the many other discouraging Circumstances, Mr. Ogilvie hath continued to visit the Mobocks; he was there the whole Month of August last, but returned in September to officiate at Albany, which was then full of People, the Garrison being very numerous without one Chaplain to perform Divine Service to them. Wherefore the Earl of Loudon, observing Mr. Ogilvie's great Pains in the Performance of his Duty, was pleased to confer on him the Chaplainship to one of the Royal American Regiments. In the Beginning of January Mr. Ogilvie went up again to the Mobocks, and continued among them till March, proceeding in his usual Method of Instruction: But, alas! bad Example, of which they fee abundantly too much, the excessive Use of strong Drink, and their Excursions at this Time, take off their Attention to Religion. The Castles were visited last Winter with a F 2

fevere Fever, which carried off a confiderable Number of the principal Indians, both Men and Women, with a great many Children; and this has very much thinned their Number, and occafioned the Return of the half Indian King mentioned to be fettled among the Mobocks in the last Year's Abstract of the Proceedings of the Society, together with those who accompanied him, to their former Habitations on the Delawere. In the preceding Year Mr. Ogilvie had baptized 25 white and 16 Indian Children in that Part of his Miffion; and at Albany, where he has three Services in the Church every Lord's Day, that all Ranks of People may have the Benefit of Divine publick Worship. On Christmas Day he administered the Communion to 70 Persons, and on Easter Sunday to 60; and he had baptized 80 white and 10 Negroe Children in that City, within the Compass of the preceding Year.

NEW JERSEY.

The Miffion of New Brunswick in this Colony being vacated by the Removal of Mr. Seabury to the Church of Jamaica Town in Long Island, the Society hath appointed the Rev. Mr. Muckean, who came very fully recommended to the Society by the Episcopal Clergy of Pennsylvania, and obtained Deacon and Priests Orders from the Bishop of Chester, by the Recommendation of the Bishop of London, to succeed Mr. Seabury in that Mission; and it is hoped he is arrived safe there, and now diligently employed in the Duties of that Mission. The Letters from the

the Miffionaries in this Colony complain much of the Difficulties and Diffresse which they labour under through the Calamities of the present Times; but they perceive this Good arising from them, that it makes Men more serious, and more frequent in their Attendance on the publick Duties of Religion; and may God of his infinite Mercy make all their Troubles conducive to the important Interest of their true Salvation!

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Rev. Dr. Jenny, the worthy Minister of the Episcopal Church of Philadelphia, being much afflicted with the Palfy, the chief, if not the whole Care of the ministerial Duties of that Church, are devolved upon the Rev. Mr. Sturgeon, the Society's Catechift to the Negroes in that Colony, and Affistant-Minister to that Church, who promises his best Endeavours to go through the great Burthen thereof, together with the Care of his Catechumens, who continue to advance g adually in Christian Knowledge. The Church of Newcastle on Delawere, in a Letter dated Octo-. ber 2, 1757, return their hearty Thanks to the Society for their Appointment of the Rev. Mr. Cleveland to that Miffion, from whose good Life, and found Doctrine, they promifed themfelves great Instruction and Edification; but add, that to their unspeakable Loss, Mr. Cleveland is dead of a long Illness, which ended in a Dropsy; and therefore they humbly petition the Society to comfort their diffressed and afflicted Church

by the Appointment of another worthy Minister to officiate to them; whereupon the Society have appointed the Rev. Mr. Rols, their Missionary at Oxford in that Colony, to the Mission of Newcastle, upon his own humble Request, seconded by feveral worthy Members of that Church; and not to leave the Church of Oxford without a Misfionary, the Society have removed the Rev. Mr. Neill, their Miffionary at Dover in Kent County, to the Mission of Oxford, Mr. Neil having long complained of very bad Health, occasioned, as he imagines, from the watery and unhealthful Situation of his present Station. And the Rev. Mr. Craig, the Society's Itinerant Missionary in this Province, having long and frequently petitioned the Society to be removed from the great Pains and Fatigue of that Employment, to which he finds his Strength more unequal every Day, the Society have appointed him to the Church of Chefter. vacant by the Cession of Mr. Thompson. The Rev. Mr. Barton, the Society's Missionary in York and Cumberland County, continues to deserve well, and to distinguish himself, as appears from this Extract of a Letter from Philadelphia, to Mr. Penn the Proprietary, and by Mr. Penn communicated to the Society. "Mr. Barton deferves the " Commendations of all Lovers of their Country, " for he has put himself at the Head of his Con-" gregations, and marched either by Night or " Day on every Alarm. Had others imitated " his Example, Cumberland would not have " wanted Men enough to defend it; nor has he " done any Thing in the military Way but what " hath

" hath increased his Character for Piety, and that of a fincerely Religious Man and zealous

"Minister: In short, Sir, he is a most worthy, active, and serviceable Pastor and Missionary,

" and as fuch please to mention him to the So-

" ciety." Wherefore that Mr. Barton may not go wholly unrewarded for this very extraordinary good Behaviour, the Society have given him a Gratuity of Twenty Pounds.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Arthur Dobbs, Esq; the worthy Governor of this Colony, acquainting the Society in his Letter of May 30, 1757, that there is a Fort building among the Catawbee Indians in the Midst of their Villages, with their own Confent, which will afford a proper Opportunity to a fix a Schoolmafter to teach the Indian Children there, without taking them away from their Parants; and Mr. Dobbs himself offering to contribute 30 l. that Currency per Annum towards this good Defign, the Society very gladly embrace the Propofal, and will give a good Salary to any worthy Clergyman of our Church, properly qualified, and willing to undertake this Office. Also the Society are come to the Resolution of receiving the Rev. Mr. Read, who officiates in the Town and County of Craven, extending near 100 Miles, and is diligent in his labourious Duties therein, into the Number of their Missionaries, upon the Recommendation of Mr. Dobbs, who feems afraid, least as Mr. Read is but indifferently paid for his Services, he should otherwise be quite

tired out and refign his Charge. The Rev. Mr. Hall, the Society's Missionary to the Parish of St. Paul in Chowan County, returns his most hearty Thanks for the Society's kind Relief of his Neceffities, occasioned by his great Loss by Fire, as mentioned in the Abstract of the last Year; and, notwithstanding his being now settled Minister there, he embraces every Opportunity, as he did heretofore, of vifiting and officiating where there is no Minister. In the first half of the Year 1757, he travelled 200 Miles, read Prayers and preached, baptized 177 White and three black Children, and administred the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper to, he hopes, very worthy Communicants. The Rev. Mr. Stewart, the Society's Missionary at Bath Town, in his Letter dated May 8, 1757, acknowledges the Receipt of the Society's Library, and the other good Books and pious Tracts fent for the Use of that Mission; and he acquaints the Society that he had in the preceding half Year baptized 74 White and 21 Negroe Children, and one white Woman and 17 adult Negroes properly instructed, and admitted one Negroe Man, after Instruction and Examination, to the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, which compleats the Number of 185, as in all Charity he hopes, worthy Communicants. Last Fall, to speak in the usual Phrase of North America, i. e. in the latter End of last Autumn, Mr. Stewart made a Voyage to Part of Hyde County, called Aramuskeet, about 120 Miles distant from Bath Town. That Part of the County is a Peninsula, or rather an Island for three Parts of the Year,

Year, and can be entred by foot Passengers only in the Height of Summer, and that with great Difficulty for feveral Miles together. It was formerly an Indian Settlement, and there are at prefent about 12 Families of Indians, who live difperfed among the Whites, and drefs and live like them, but they have still one whom they call the King among them; with these People, more in Number than 200, Mr. Stewart staid a Week. and read Prayers and preached to them, and baptized 51 white and 15 black Children; also three Indian Mullattoes from 14 to 16 Years old, who repeated the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and Ten Commandments; and he administered the Holy Communion to about 30 Persons, three of them free Negroes.

The Rev. Mr. Moir, the Society's Itinerant Miffionary in this Colony, acquaints the Society by his Letter dated Edgecombe, Oct. 17, 1757, that fince his preceding Letter of April 12, he had baptized 158 Whites, and 27 Blacks, tho' he was much hindered by Sickness, the exceffive Rains in July, August and September, having brought on fo general an intermitting Fever, that scarce one in ten escaped, and he himself suffered no less than four Relapses, by riding in the Rain. The whole Number from the 9th of Nov. 1756, to the 17th of Oct. 1757, baptized by Mr. Moir, amounts to 301 Whites, and 63 Negroes.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Rev. Mr. Clarke, Rector of St. Philip's Church in Charles Town, writes, that the Negroe School there is full of Children and well attended; but he much laments the great Negligence of the white People in general in regard to the Blacks, there not being fo much as one Civil Establishment in the Colony for the Christian Instruction of fifty Thousand Negroe Slaves. The Clergy do their Duty towards it, but befides many other Difficulties and Obstructions in their Way, it by no Means is in their Power to perform the more immediate Duties of their proper Stations, and at the same Time instruct so very large a Number of Negroes. The Rev. Mr. Marten, the Society's Missionary at St. Andrew's Parish, writes in his Letter of July 7, 1757, that it is no small Satisfaction to him, that he hath it still in his Power to acquaint the Society, that his Ministry is attended with some Success, tho' not so great as he could wish, being obstructed by a fcandalous Practice lately introduced of carrying on the usual Labour of the Week, even on Sundays, during the Scason of making Indico: but Mr. Marten hath done his Duty in endeavouring to convince his People of the Crime of their profaning the Lord's Day; and is not without Hopes of suppressing this very bad Practice among them. He adds, that he preaches every fourth Sunday at a Chapel in the furthest Part of the Parish, where, among others, a considerable

rable Number of Persons, educated in the Presbyterian Way attend, and several of them produce Common Prayer Books, and make the Responfes; and, he hopes, will in Time become steady Members of the Church. Mr. Marten had, within the twelve Months preceding, baptized 36 Children, and two adult Negroes, that gave a good Account of their Christian Faith; and there have been five worthy Persons within the fame Time added to his Communicants. The Rev. Mr. Harrison, the Society's Missionary at St. James's Goofe Creek Parish, acquaints the Society, that it is impossible to ascertain the exact Number of white Inhabitants of that Parish, as it is unbounden to the North West; and those unfortunate People, whom the Terrors and Calamities of War drive from the more Northern Provinces, are continually changing their Places of Residence. Mr. Harrison is informed by some, who have brought their Children from 80 to 200 Miles Diffance to be baptized, that there are about 30 Families scattered about here and there among them. The Number of Communicants within the more fettled Part of the Parish, is 30 Whites (10 of them added within the last Year) and 17 Negroes; and he had baptized 13 White and 3 Negroe Children, and 7 adult Negroes in that Year. Mr. Harrison adds, that Mr. Peter Taylor, a good and worthy Parishioner hath made a Present of a Negroe Girl for the Use of the Minister of that Parish, as a small Encouragement to him for his endeavouring G 2

to propagate the Gospel among the Slaves of the Parish; (to use the Words of the Entry of this, Donation in the Vestry-book) and Mr. Harrison promises, that his fincere Endeavours in this good Work, as far as is consistent with other Duties incumbent on him, shall speak his Gratitude for this Benefaction.

GEORGIA.

The Rev. Mr. Zouberbuyler, the Society's Miffionary at Savannah, having asked the Society's Leave to remove from his Mission, and no Letters having been received from him for a very confiderable Time afterwards, they confidered him as having quitted their Service; but upon the Receipt of a Letter from him, dated March 14, 1757, with a Certificate from Mr. Ellis, the present Governor of Georgia, that upon an Inquiry made by him, it to full Satisfaction appeared that Mr. Zouberbuyler had performed his Duty as Missionary at Savannah in that Colony to the 12th Day of March 1757, the Day of the Date of the Certificate, and behaved well in his Station, the Society hath ordered his Salary, that had been some Time stopt, to be paid to him, who, within the preceding Year, had baptized 45 Persons, and the Number of his Communicants is 77. As there have no Letters come to the Society from Mr. Ottolenghi, the Schoolmaster for the Instruction of the Negroe Children in this Colony, for more than two Years, the Salary of 151. per Annum to him, towards his Support in that Service, is stopt. BAHAMA

BAHAMA ISLANDS.

The Rev. Mr. Carter, the Society's Miffionary in these Islands, in his Letters of the Year 1757, writes, that he has two powerful Enemies to contend with therein, viz. Ignorance and Licentiousness, the latter of which is strengthened by the War; but, by God's Affistance, he hopes in fome Measure to prevail against them. He had been the latter End of the Year preceding in Harbour Island; and, during his Stay there for eight Days, read Prayers constantly, and gave them an Evening Lecture with fuch Instructions as feemed best adapted to their Circumstances and prefent Manner of Life; and he baptized there 7 Children, and administred the Communion to 8 Persons, having lost one Communicant aged 80 Years by Death, and another by his Removal from that Island; and he baptized at New Providence, the chief Place of his Residence 45 Children, and one adult Negroe Woman, after proper Instruction, from the 24tth of December 1756, to the 26th of June 1757. Besides the more immediate Ministerial Duties of his Mission, Mr. Carter gives daily Attendance on the School, wherein he teaches 36 Children, three of them Negroes, and one Mulattoe.

The Society, from their first Institution, taking into their serious Consideration the absolute Necessity there is, that those Clergymen, who shall be sent Abroad, should be duly qualified for the Work to which they are appointed, from their first Institution, defired every one who recommended

mended any Person to them for that Purpose, to testify their Knowledge, as to the following Particulars:

1. The Age of the Person.

- 2. His Condition of Life, whether fingle or married.
- 3. His Temper. 4. His Prudence. 5. His Learning.
- 6. His fober and pious Conversation.
- His Zeal for the Christian Religion, and Diligence in his holy Calling.
- 8. His Affection to the present Government.
 9. His Conformity to the Doctrine and Dif-

cipline of the Church of England.

And the Society doth now request, and earncstly besech all Persons concerned, that they recommend no Man out of Favour or Affection,
or any other worldly Consideration, but with a
sincere Regard to the Honour of Almighty God
and our blessed Saviour; as they tender the Interest of the Christian Religion, and the Good of
Men's Souls.

And the Society particularly defire their Friends in America to be so just to them, when any Perton appears there in the Character of a Clergyman of the Church of England, but by his Behaviour disgraces that Character, to examine as far as may be into his Letters of Orders, his Name and Circumstances, and to inspect the public List of the Names of the Missionaries of this Society, published annually with the Abfract of their Proceedings; and the Society are fully

fully perfuaded it will appear, that fuch unworthy Perfon came thither without their Knowledge; but if it should happen, that any such should come thither from them, they intreat their Friends in America, in the facred Name of Christ, to inform them, and they will put away from them that wicked Person.

The following new Members were elected in the Year 1757, to affift and promote the pious Defigns of the Society with their good Counfel and Subscriptions.

The Hon. Thomas Pownall, Esq; Grovernor of the Province of Massachuset's Bay, in New England.

The Rev. Dr. Dickens, Prebendary of Durbam.

Bartholomew Hammond, Efq;

The Rev. Dr. Gregory, Dean of Christ-Church, Oxon.

The Rev. Mr. Craven, Chaplain to the Earl of Denbigb.

The Rev. Mr. Jackson, Vicar of Ardleigh in Essex.

The Rev. Mr. Parsons, Rector of Wilford, near Nottingham.

The Receipts and Payments on the General Account of the Society for the Year 1757, flood thus at the Audit of the Society on the 31st Day of January 1758.

RECEIPTS.

I. s.	d
By Ballance in the Hands of the Treasurers on the general Account on the 29th Day of January 1757	7*
By Benefactions, Legacies, and Collections in the Year 1757 By Subscriptions of Members 715 9	6
Dividends in the public Funds \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-
PAYMENTS. To Salaries to Missionaries, Cate- chists, School-masters, and the Society's Officers —— 3527 2	0

chifts, the Soci	School-miety's Offic	afters,	and }	3527	2	10
To Books,	Gratuities	to Miffi	on-7			
aries, a	and other	accide	ntal	514	9	3
Charges)			
To the Ma				98		Q s
tion of t	hree Negr	oe Yout	hs .	90	4	0-3

Total 4139 12 112

Ballance

A

Ballance in the Treasurer's Hands on the general Account of the Society on the 31st Day of January 1758 — BARBADOES.	
The School of Codrington College goes on with good Success; and the Rev. Mr. Falcon, the Usher and Catechist to the Negroes on the Society's Plantations, baptized in the Year 1757, four adult Negroes, viz. two Men and two Women, after proper Instruction, and	e e r d
ten Negroe Children, born of Parents whe have been some Time Christians.	0
R E C E I P T S. By Ballance on the 29th of Ja- nuary 1757 — 1205 4 5 By Sale of Sundry Cafks of Sugar 1603 7 10	1 2
By one Year's Dividend on 1100l. and 3 and ½ per Cent. Old South-Sea Annuities Stock 38 10 0	
at Michaelmas 1757 — Total 2847 2 3.	1
PAYMENTS.	2
By Disbursements for Codring- ton College, and the Planta- tations, and by Salaries — } 1619 2 9	
Ballance in the Treasurer's Hands on this Account on the 31st Day of January 1757	T
H	1

A LIST of the

MEMBERS

OF

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

A.

THE Right Reverend Robert Lord Bishop of St. Asaph.

Pifield Allen D. D. Archdeacon of Middlesex.

Thomas Archer M. A. Prebendary of St. Paul's.

Francis Astry D. D. Treasurer of St. Paul's.

Israel Anthony Aufrere M. A.

Francis Ascough D. D. Prebendary of Winchester.

William Ayerst D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury.

Charles Apthorp Esq; of Boston in New England.

B.

THE Right Honourable William Pulteney,

The Right Reverend Edward Lord Bishop of Bath and Wells.

The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Brislol.

The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Bangor.

Sir John Barnard Knt. Alderman of London. Slingsby Bethell Esq; Alderman of London.

Edward Ballard D. D.

Edward Barker Efq;

Samuel Barton M. A.

Mr. Solomon Barton, Merchant.

Cutts Barton D. D.

John Bradstreet Esq; Lieutenant Colonel.

Joseph Forster Barbam Esq;

George Berkeley Esq;

William Belitha Efq;

John Berriman M. A.

John Berney D. D. Archdeacon of Norwich.

William Best D. D.

Calverley Bewicke Efq;

Thomas Birch D. D.

Thomas Blackwell M. A.

Mr. Ebenezer Blackwell:

H 2

Yonathan

Jonathan Blenman Esq; Attorney-General in Barbadoes.

Robert Bolton LL. D. Dean of Carlisle.

Peniston Booth D. D. Dean of Windsor.

William Bowles M. A. Fellow of Winchester College.

William Brackenridge D. D.

Robert Breton M. A. Archdeacon of Hereford. Rad. Brydges D. D.

Duncomb Bristow D. D.

Henry Burrough M. A.

Joseph Browne D. D. Chancellor of Hereford. John Burton D. D. Fellow of Eaton College.

Thomas Burton D. D. Archdeacon of St. David's.

C.

THE most Reverend the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

The Right Reverend Richard Lord Bishop of Carliste.

The Right Reverend Edmund Lord Bishop of Chester.

The Right Reverend William Lord Bishop of Chichester.

The Honourable George Clinton Efq;

Sir John Cross Bart.

Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer.

John Chapman D. D. Archdeacon of Sudburg.

Philip

Philip Carter M. A.

William Cary M. A. Chancellor of Bristol.

Angel Chauncey D. D. Prebendary of Salisbury.

Thomas Cheney D. D. Dean of Winchefter.

John Castelman M. A. Prebendary of Bristol.

Timothy Collins M. A. Canon Refidentiary of Wells.

Edward Cobden D. D. Archdeacon of London.

John Archibald Codrington Efq;

John Cookefey M. A.
Charles Walter Congreve A. M. Archdeacon of
Armagh.

Allen Cowper M. A.

Samuel Creswick D. D. Dean of Wells.

Lewis Crusius D. D. Prebendary of Worcester.

D.

THE most Reverend Charles Lord Archbishop of Dublin.

The Right Honourable William Legg Earl of Dartmouth.

The Right Honourable Thomas Lord Viscount Dupplin.

The Right Reverend Richard Lord Bishop of Durham.

The Right Reverend Anthony Lord Bishop of St. David's.

The

The Honourable Wriothefley Digby Eq; LL. D.
The Honourable Arthur Dobbs Eq; Governor of North Carolina.
The Honourable Robert Dynwiddie Efq; His Majefty's Lieutenant Governor in Virginia.
John Dalton D. D. Prebendary of Worcester.
Richard Dalton Efq;
Christopher Dawson Efq;
John Denne D. D. Archdeacon of Rochester.
Samuel Dickens D. D. Prebendary of Durham.
Thomas D'oyly D. D. Archdeacon of Lewis.
John Downes M. A.
Thomas Drake M. A.

E.

THE Right Reverend Mathias Lord Bishop of Ely.

The Right Reverend George Lord Bishop of Exeter.

John Emerson M. A.

Vigerus Edwards, Esq;

Jucks Egerton M. A.

Sloan Elsemere D. D.

George Errington Esq;

John Ewer D. D. Canon of Windsor.

Frederick

F.

FRederick Frankland Esq;
John Fountayne D. D. Dean of York.
William Freind D. D. Canon of Christ's Church
Oxon.
Tobias Frere Esq;
The Rev. Mr. Folds.

G.

HE Right Honourable John Earl Granwille. The Right Reverend James Lord Bishop of Gloucester. Henry Galley D. D. Prebendary of Glocester. William Geekie D. D. Archdeacon of Glocester. Edmund Gibson M. A. Precentor of St. Paul's. John Griffith D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury. Mr. Benjamin Goodison. John Gooch M. A. Prebendary of Ely. Mr. Thomas Gordon, Merchant. Francis Gosling Esq; Alderman of London. Edward Gouge Efq; David Gregory D. D. Dean of Christ Church Oxon. Thomas Greene D. D. Dean of Salisbury. Blinman Grefley M. A.

THE

H.

THE Right Honourable George Montagu Dunk Earl of Halifax. The Right Reverend James Lord Bishop of Hereford. Sir Thomas Harrison Knt. Chamberlain of London. Hugh Hall, of Boston in New England, Esq; Gabriel Hanger Esq; George Harrison, of the City of New York, Esq; Bartholomew Hammond Efq; Benjamin Hayes Esq; John Head D. D. Archdeacon of Canterbury. William Herring D. D. Dean of St. Asaph. Thomas Herring M. A. John Heylin D. D. Prebendary of Westminster. Edward Hody M. D. Samuel Holcomb D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury. Richard Hotchkis M. A. Joseph Hudson Esq; Colonel. William Hugessen Esq; Christopher Hussey D. D.

William Hutton M. A.

I.

SIR Edmund Isbam Bart.
Stephen Theodore Janssen Esq; Alderman of London.

Charles Jenner D. D. Archdeacon of Huntingdon: Laurence Jackson A. M.

K

A Nthony Keck Esq;
John Kearney LL. D. Precentor of Armagh.

L

THE Right Reverend Thomas Lord Bishop of London.

The Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Lincoln.

The Right Reverend Frederick Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry.

The Right Reverend William Lord Bishop of Londonderry.

John Lynch D. D. Dean of Canterbury. Charles Lyttelton LL. D. Dean of Exeter. John Lawrey M. A. Prebendary of Rochester. William Lloyd M. A.

I

M.

THE Right Reverend Henry Lord Bishop of Meath.

The Right Honourable Charles Lord Maynard. Margaret Professor of Divinity, Oxon.

Margaret Professor of Divinity, Cambridge. Alexander Macaulay Esq;

Robert Markham D. D. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty.

Offory Medlicot M. A. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty.

John Frederick Miege D. D. Protestant Ecclefiastical Counsellor to the Elector Palatin.

Jeremiah Milles D. D. Precentor of Exeter. John Myonnet M. A.

Charles Moss D. D. Archdeacon of Colchester.

Roger Mostyn M. A. Thomas Moore D. D.

John Moore M. A.

Dr. Moreton.

Thomas Morison M. A.

THE most Noble Thomas Holles Duke of Newcastle.

The Right Reverend Thomas Lord Bishop of Norwich.

Stephen

Stephen Niblet D. D. Warden of All Souls College in Oxford.

Gerard Neden D. D.

Thomas Newton D. D. Prebendary of Westminster. Samuel Nicolls D. D. Master of the Temple.

John Nicoll D. D. Prebendary of Westminster.

0

THE Right Reverend Thomas Lord Bishop of Oxford.

The Honourable James Oglethorpe Esq; Lieutenant General.

P

THE Right Reverend Richard Lord Bishop of Peterborough.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Parker, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

Sir John Philipps Bart.

Thomas Pardo D. D. Principal of Jesus College, Oxon.

William Parsons A. M.

Mr. Ferdinando-John Paris.

Vincent Perronet M. A.

The Reverend James Perard M. A. Chaplain to the King of Pruffia.

Charles Plumptree D. D. Archdeacon of Ely.

I 2 Edward

Edward Poole M. A. Prebendary of Brecknock.

John Potter D. D. Archdeacon of Oxford.

The Reverend Lewis Anthony Polier, Rector of the Church of Laufanne in Switzerland.

John Pownal Esq;

The Hon. Thomas Pownal, Esq; Governor of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay in New England.

R

THE Right Reverend Zachary Lord Bishop of Rochester, and Dean of Westminster.

Sir Thomas Robinson Bart.

Thomas Rawlinson Esq; Alderman of London.

Thomas Randolph D. D. President of Corpus Christic.

College in Oxford.

Regius Prosessor of Divinity, Oxon.

Regius Prosessor of Divinity, Cambridge.

William Richardson D. D. Master of Emanuel College, Cambridge.

Dr. Nicolas Robinson.

William Robinson Esq;

Mr. John Ross of Philadelphia.

John Rutherford M. A.

S.

THE Right Reverend John Lord Bishop of Salisbury.

Samuel Salter D. D. Preacher at the Charter-house.

George Sayer D. D. Archdeacon of Durham.

William Simpson D. D.

Jonathan Shipley LL. D. Canon of Christ-Church, Oxford.

Samuel Smith M. A.

Thomas Spateman M. A. Prebendary of St. Paul's.

Samuel Squire D. D. Archdeacon of Bath.

Henry Stebbing D. D. Chancellor of Salisbury.

Samuel Stedman D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury.

Mathew Stewart of N. London, Merchant.

Adlard Squire Stukeley Esq;

William Shirley Esq;

Joseph Sims M. A. Prebendary of St. Paul's.

T.

SIR John Thorold, Bart.

William Talbot M. A.

Thomas Tanner D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury.

John Tanner M. A.

John Tattersall M. A.

Edmund Tew D. D.

Thomas Tipping M. A.

'John Thomlinson M. A.

Mr. John Thomlinson, Merchant.

Mr. John Thomlinson, jun. Merchant.

James Torkington M. A.

John

John Thomas D. D. Prebendary of Westminster.
John Thornton Esq;
John Torriano Esq;
Chauncey Townshend Esq;
Thomas Townson B. D.
James Tonstal D. D. Treasurer of St. David's.
Andrew Trebeck D. D.
Mr. Barlow Trecothick, Merchant.
Josiah Tucker D. D. Prebendary of Bristol.

V.

PHilip de Valois M. A. Abbot Upsher M. A.

W.

THE Right Reverend Isaac Lord Bishop of Worcester.

The Right Reverend Richard Lord Bishop of Waterford.

The Honourable Benning Wentworth Efq; Governor of New Hampshire in New England.

Francis Walwyn D. D. Prebendary of Canterbury.

Henry Waterland LL. B. Prebendary of Bristol.

John Waugh D. D. Dean of Worcester.

Mr. John Wilberfoss, Merchant.

Thomas

Thomas Williams of Merthyr, Prebendary of Breck-nock.

John Wills M. A.

Mr. John Willis.

Edward Wilson M. A.

Thomas Wilson D. D. Prebendary of West-minster.

Granville Wheeler M. A.

Samuel Wolley M. A. Prebendary of Gloucester.

Y

THE most Reverend John Lord Archbishop of York.

Francis Yarborough D.D. Principal of Brazen-Nose College, Oxford.

Edward Yardley B. D. Archdeacon of Cardigan.

Edward Young LL. D. Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty.

Philip Yonge D. D. Canon Residentiary of St. Paul's.

LADIES Annual Subscribers.

THE Honourable Mrs. Shirley.
Miss Cordelia Bright.
Mrs. Cotton, of Etwall in Derbyshire.

A LIST

A LIST of the

BISHOPS, DEANS, &c.

Who have PREACHED before

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

Anno

1701 THE Reverend Dr Willis, Dean of Lincoln.

1702 The Lord Bishop of Worcester, Dr Lloyd, not printed.

1703 The Lord Bishop of Sarum, Dr. Burnet.

1704 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr Hough.

1705 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr Williams.

1706 The Lord Bishop of St Asaph, Dr Beveridge.

1707 The Reverend Dr Stanley, Dean of St

1708 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Sir William Dawes.

1709 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr. Trimnel.

1710 The Lord Bishop of St Alaph, Dr Fleetwood.

1711 The Reverend Dr Kennet, Dean of Peterborough.

1712 The Lord Bishop of Ely, Dr Moore.

1713 The Reverend Dr Stanbope, Dean of Canterbury.

1714 The Lord Bishop of Clogber, Dr Ash.

1715 The Reverend Dr Sherlock, Dean of Chichester.

1716 The Reverend Mr. Hayley, Canon Residentiary of Chichester.

1717 The Lord Bishop of Hereford, Dr Bisse.

1718 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr Chandler.

1719 The Lord Bishop of Carlisle, Dr Bradford.

1720 The Reverend Dr Waddington.

1721 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr Bolter.

1722 The Reverend Dr Waugh, Dean of Gloucester.

1723 The Lord Bishop of Ely, Dr Greene.

1724 The Lord Bishop of St. Asaph, Dr Wynn.

1725 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr Wilcocks.

1726 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr Leng.

1727 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr Reynolds.

1728 The Lord Bishop of Hereford, Dr Egerton.

1729 The Reverend Dr Pearce.

- 1730 The Reverend Dr Denne, Archdeacon of Rochester.
- 1731 The Reverend Dr Berkeley, Dean of Londonderry.
- 1732 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr Smallbrooke.
- 1733 The Reverend Dr Maddox, Dean of Wells.
- 1734 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr Hare.
- 1735 The Reverend Dr Lynch, Dean of Canterbury.
- 1736 The Lord Bishop of St David's, Dr Clagget.
- 1737 The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr Herring.
- 1738 The Lord Bishop of Bristol, Dr Butler.
- 1739 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr Benson.
- 1740 The Lord Bishop of Oxford, Dr Secker.
- 1741 The Reverend Dr Stebbing, Chancellor of Sarum.
- 1742 The Lord Bishop of Chichester, Dr Mawson.
- 1743 The Lord Bishop of Landaff, Dr Gilbert.
- 1744 The Reverend Dr Bearcroft, Secretary of the Society.
- 1745 The Lord Bishop of Bangor, Dr Hutton.
- 1746 The Lord Bishop of Lincoln, Dr Thomas.
- 1747 The Lord Bishop of St Asaph, Dr Lisle.
- 1748. The Reverend Dr George, Dean of Lincoln.
- 1749 The Lord Bishop of St David's, Dr Trevor.
- 1750 The Lord Bishop of Peterborough, Dr Thomas.

76 A LIST of the Preachers.

1752 The Lord Bishop of Carlisse, Dr Osbaldiston.

1753 The Lord Bishop of Landaff, Dr Cresset.

1754 The Lord Bishop of St Asaph, Dr Drummond.

1755 The Lord Bishop of Norwich, Dr Hayter.

1756 The Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, Dr Cornwallis.

1757 The Lord Bishop of Chester, Dr Keene.

1758 The Lord Bishop of Gloucester, Dr Johnson.

The Form of a Legacy to this Society.

TEM, I give to the Incorporated Society, for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, the Sum of to be raised and paid by and out of all my ready Money, Plate, Goods, and Personal Essets, which by Law I may or can charge with the Payment of the same (and not out of any Part of my Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments) and to be applied towards carrying on the Charitable Purposes for which the said Society was Incorporated.

N. B. The Variation in this Form of a Le-GACY, from that formerly printed, is made necessary, on Account of some late unhappy Mistakes in Wills, by which several considerable Legacies have been lost to the Society, and the good Intentions of the Testators have been entirely deseated, because the Sums bequeathed to the Society have been ordered to be raised, or paid out of Lands, or Real Estates, which is not now permitted by Law.

Direct to Edward Pearfon, Esq; in Barton-ftreet, Westminster, their TREASURER.

And to the Reverend Dr. Bearcroft at the Charterbouse, their Secretary.



